Homework 3

April 24, 2023

1. Consider two ordered bases $E = \{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ and $F = \{w_1, w_2, w_3\}$ for a vector space V, and suppose

 $v_1 = -w_1 + w_2 + w_3$, $v_2 = w_2 + 3w_3$, $v_3 = 4w_1 - 2w_2$

- (a) Find the transition matrix S from E to F.
- (b) Compute the coordinate vector $[v]_F$ for $v = 2v_1 + 1v_2 v_3$.
- 2. Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 5}$ be

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 13 & 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Find the four subspaces of the matrix $(C(A), C(A^T), N(A), \text{ and } N(A^T),$ determine their bases and dimensions).
- (b) Write down the fundamental theorem of linear algebra: Part 1 and Part 2. And verify them by the answers in (a).
- 3. Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 5}$ and let R be the reduced row echelon form of A. If the first and fourth columns of A are

$$a_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad a_{4} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -3 \\ -1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$R = \left[\begin{array}{rrrrr} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right],$$

(a) find a basis for N(A).

(b) given that x_0 is a solution to Ax = b, where

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} -2\\ -3\\ 0\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad x_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 3\\ 1\\ -1\\ 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

determine the remaining column vectors of A.

4. Let x and y be linearly independent vectors in \mathbb{R}^n and let S = Span(x, y). We can use x and y to define a matrix A be setting

$$A = xy^T + yx^T$$

- (a) Show that $N(A) = S^{\perp}$.
- (b) Show that $\dim C(A) = 2$ (the rank of A must be 2).