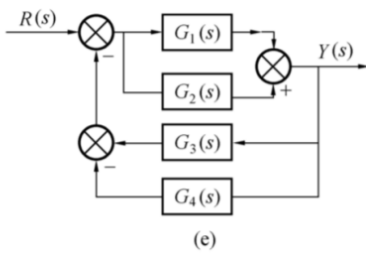
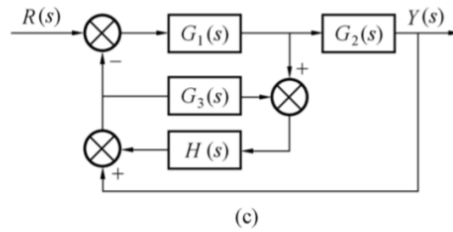
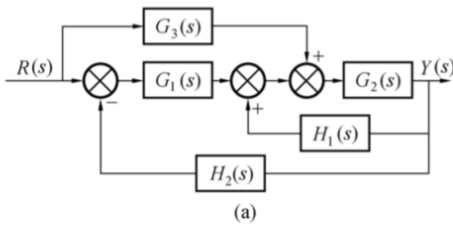


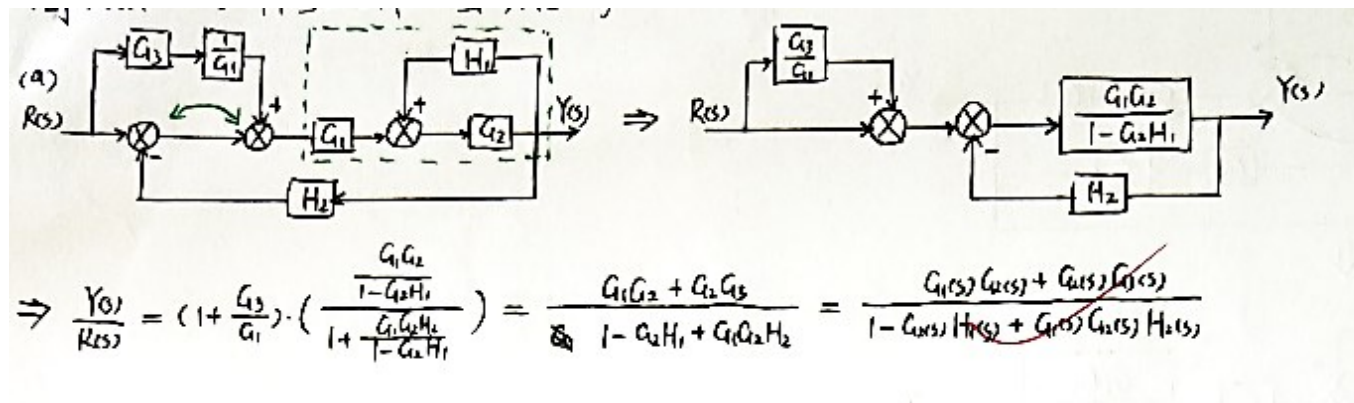
# 自动控制理论 A 作业 2

2019 年 9 月 11 日

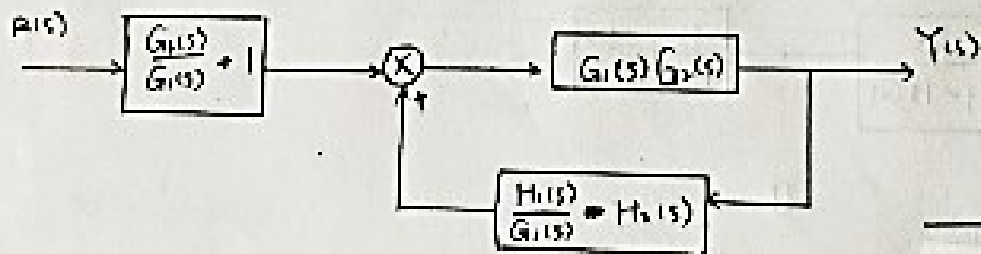
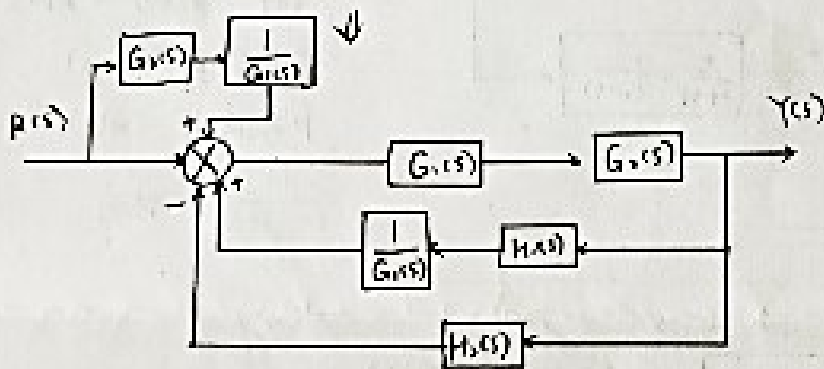
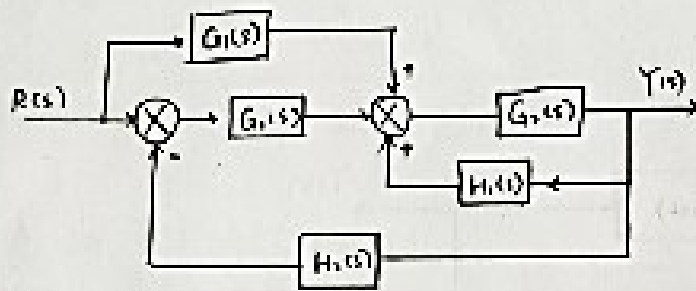
2.7 控制系统的方框图如题 2.7 图所示, 试用方框图化简的规则化简方框图, 求传递函数  $Y(s)/R(s)$ 。



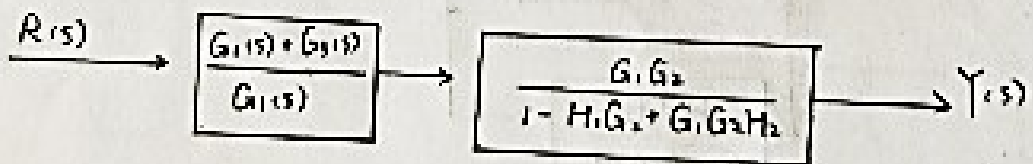
a)



(2.7) 反馈回路 = 相加点前移, 开环相加点也移到最左

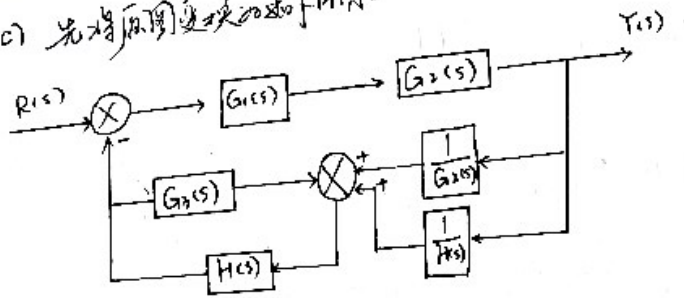


$$1 - \frac{H_1 - H_2 G_1}{G_1} = \frac{G_1 G_2}{G_1}$$

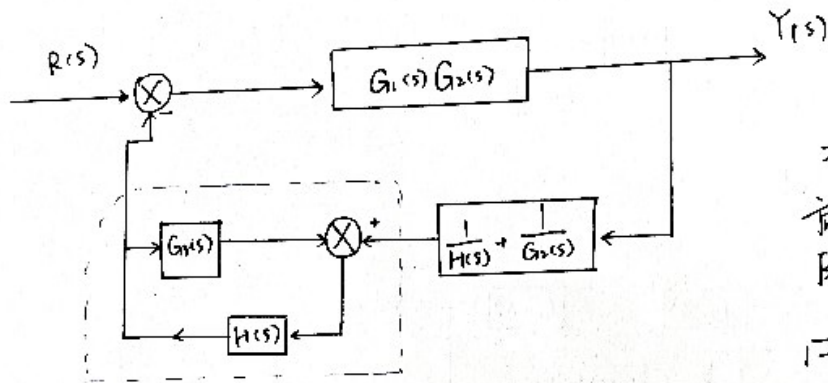


~~$$\frac{G_2(s)G_1(s) + G_1(s)G_2(s)}{1 - H_1(s)G_1(s) + G_1(s)G_2(s)H_2(s)}$$~~

27. (c) 先将原图变换为如下所示

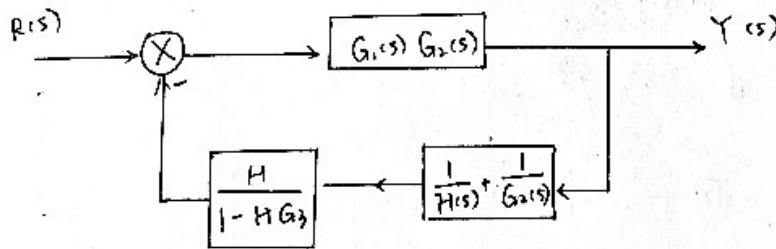


⇓

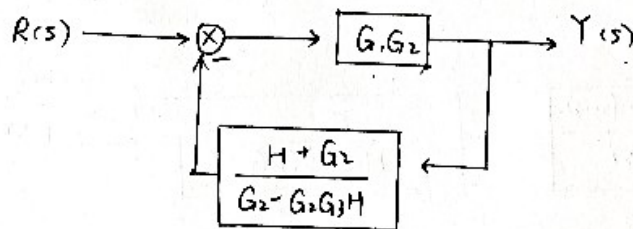


将虚线框内的部分证为负反馈  
前向传递:  $H(s)$   
反馈传递:  $G_2(s)$   
 $\frac{H}{1-HG_2}$  为传递.

⇓



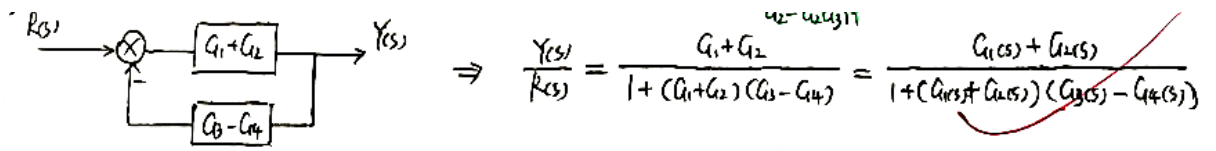
⇓



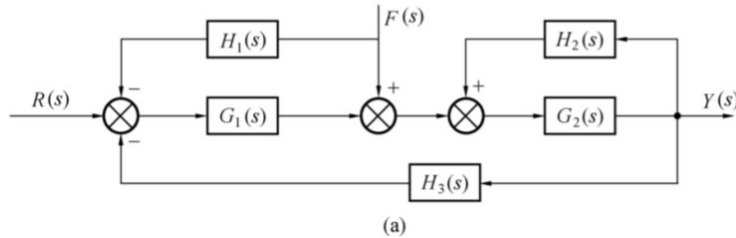
最终得

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 - G_2 G_3 H}{1 - G_3 H + H G_1 + G_1 G_2}$$

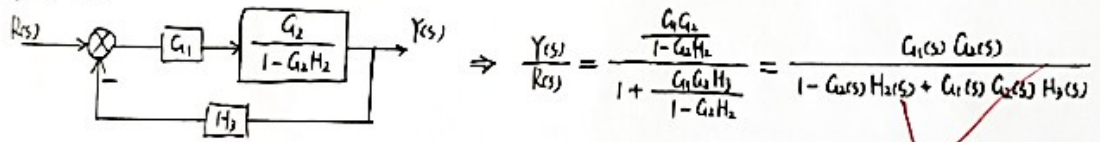
e)



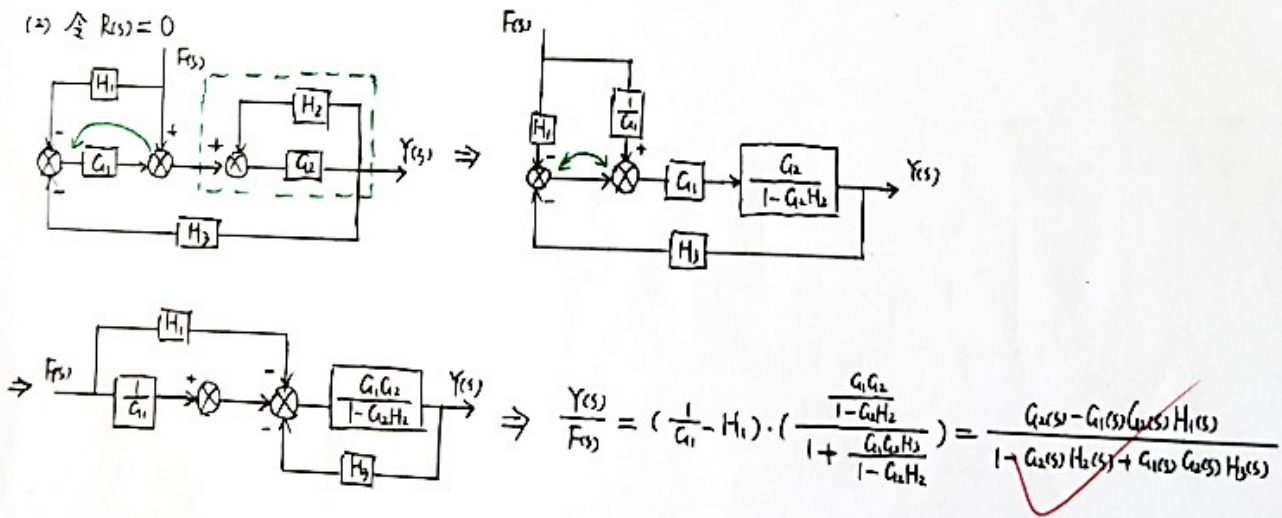
2.8 用方框图化简规则化简题 2.8 图所示的方框图, 求系统传递函数  $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$  及  $\frac{Y(s)}{F(s)}$ 。



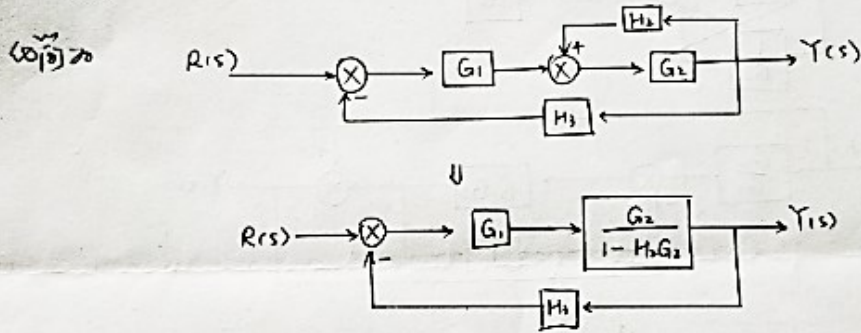
2.8. (1) 令  $F(s) = 0$



(2) 令  $R(s) = 0$

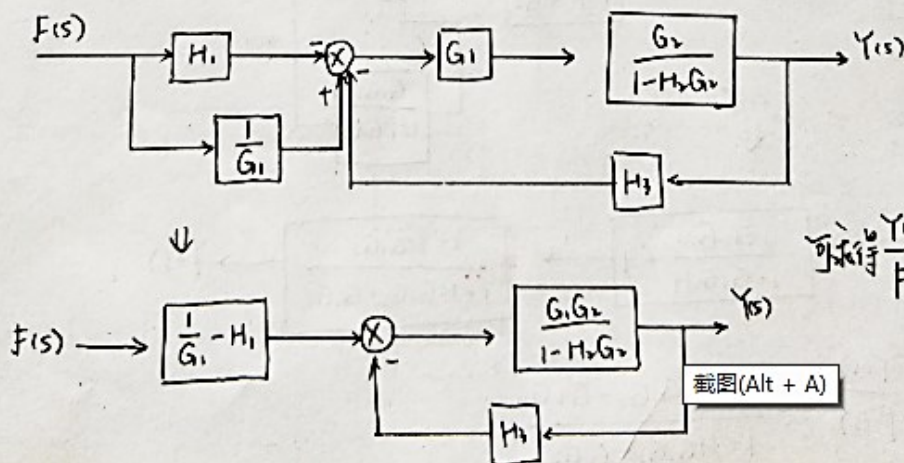


2.8 求  $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$  时令  $F(s)=0$ .



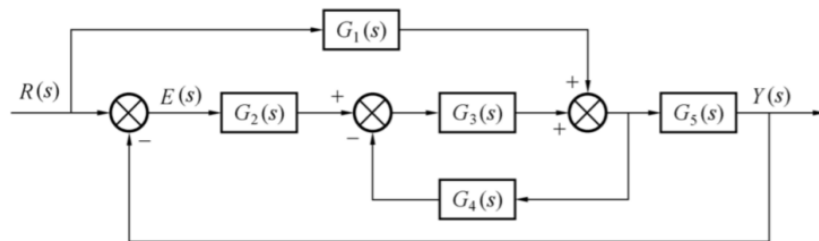
可求出  $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\frac{G_1 G_2}{1-H_2 G_2}}{1 + \frac{G_1 G_2 H_3}{1-H_2 G_2}} = \frac{G_1 G_2}{1-H_2 G_2 + G_1 G_2 H_3}$  为输出对于参考输入的闭环传递函数。

求  $\frac{Y(s)}{F(s)}$  时令  $R(s)=0$ .



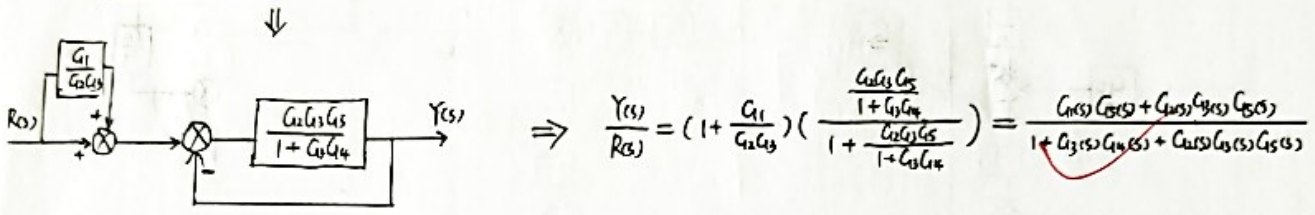
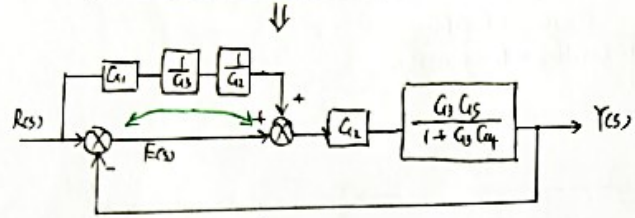
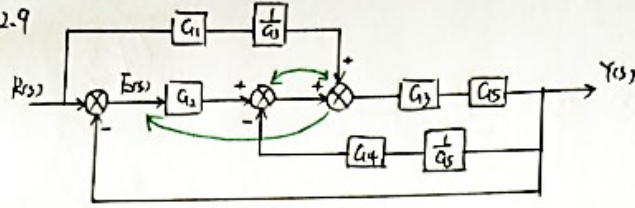
可求得  $\frac{Y(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{G_2 - G_1 G_2 H_1}{1 - H_2 G_2 + G_1 G_2 H_3}$

2.9 用方框图化简规则化简方框图, 求  $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$  及  $\frac{E(s)}{R(s)}$ 。



(b)

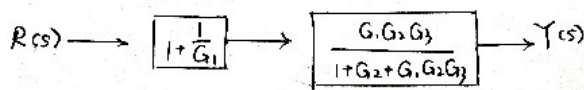
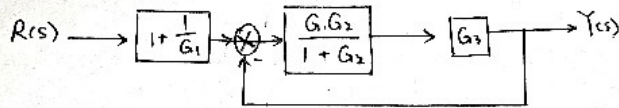
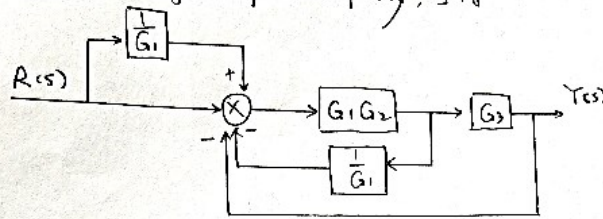
2.9



$$\Rightarrow \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \left(1 + \frac{G_1}{G_2 G_3}\right) \left(\frac{\frac{G_2 G_3 G_4}{1 + G_3 G_4}}{1 + \frac{G_2 G_3 G_4}{1 + G_3 G_4}}\right) = \frac{G_2(s) G_3(s) + G_2(s) G_3(s) G_4(s)}{1 + G_3(s) G_4(s) + G_2(s) G_3(s) G_4(s)}$$

$$\therefore \frac{E(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{R(s) - Y(s)}{R(s)} = 1 - \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1 + G_3(s) G_4(s) - G_2(s) G_3(s) G_4(s)}{1 + G_3(s) G_4(s) + G_2(s) G_3(s) G_4(s)}$$

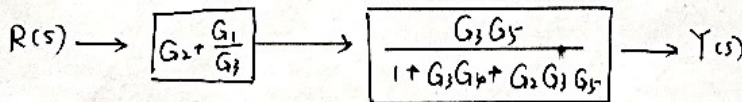
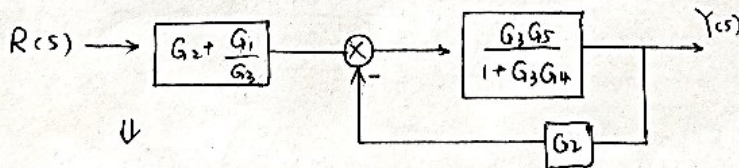
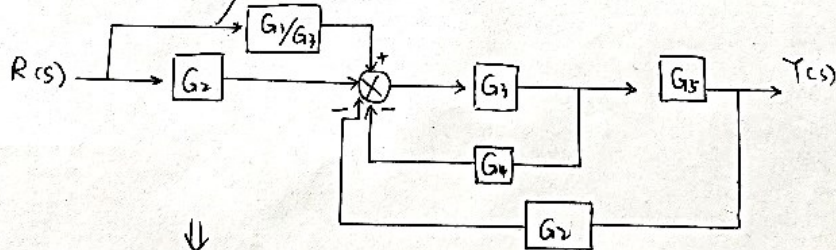
7 (a) 求  $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$ . 将第二、三行相加点前移, 可得



$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3 + G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3}$$

$\therefore E(s) = R(s) - Y(s)$  的关系不变, 故有  $\frac{E(s)}{R(s)} = 1 - \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1 + G_2 - G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3}$

29 (b) 利用相加点前移, 可得框图.



$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_5 + G_2 G_3 G_5}{1 + G_3 G_4 + G_2 G_3 G_5}$$

$\therefore E(s) = R(s) - Y(s)$

$\therefore \frac{E(s)}{R(s)} = 1 - \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$

$$= \frac{1 + G_3 G_4 - G_1 G_5}{1 + G_3 G_4 + G_2 G_3 G_5}$$

【问题 1】很多同学的化简不到位, 最后的答案传函本来就是一个分式了, 分子或者分母却还套着非常复杂的分式, 没有化到最简;

【问题 2】框图化简到最简形式了, 就直接画成 R 入 Y 出, 框图里写传函这样的答案, 但实际上题目要求计算 Y/R, 结果一定是一个传递函数而不应该是一个框图, 这样的写法是

不规范不标准的

【问题 3】框图化简求解传递函数比较复杂繁琐，同学们不熟练，很容易在分支点相加点移动过程中出错出错