

二、计算

$$1. (1) Y_1 = ((A'B)' \cdot (AB')')'$$

$$= A'B + AB'$$

$$Y_2 = ((AB)')' = AB$$

(2)	A	B	Y_1	Y_2
	0	0	0	0
	0	1	1	0
	1	0	1	0
	1	1	0	1

(3) Y_1 异或
 Y_2 与

$$2. (1) Y_1 = A(BC + B'C') + A'(B'C + BC')$$

$$= ABC + AB'C' + A'B'C + A'BC'$$

$$= \sum m(1, 2, 4, 7)$$

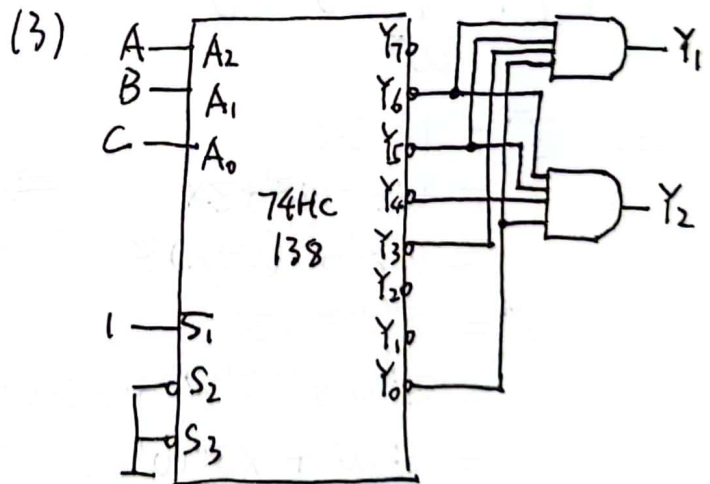
$$Y_2 = 0 \cdot B'C' + 1 \cdot BC + A'(B'C + BC')$$

$$= BC(A+A') + A'B'C + A'BC'$$

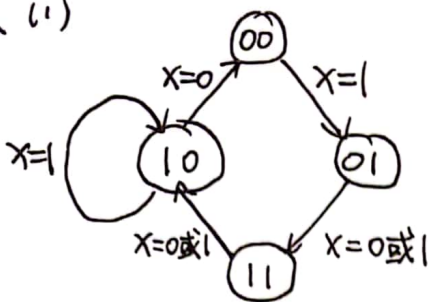
$$= \sum m(1, 2, 3, 7)$$

A	B	C	Y_1	Y_2
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

(2) $Y_1 \rightarrow$ 全加器 Y_2 不知道



3. (1)



(2)

$Z \backslash W$	00	01	11	10
X				
0	00	11	10	00
1	01	11	10	10

$Z^* W^*$

$Z \backslash W$	00	01	11	10
X				
0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	1

$$Z^* = W + ZX$$

Z^*

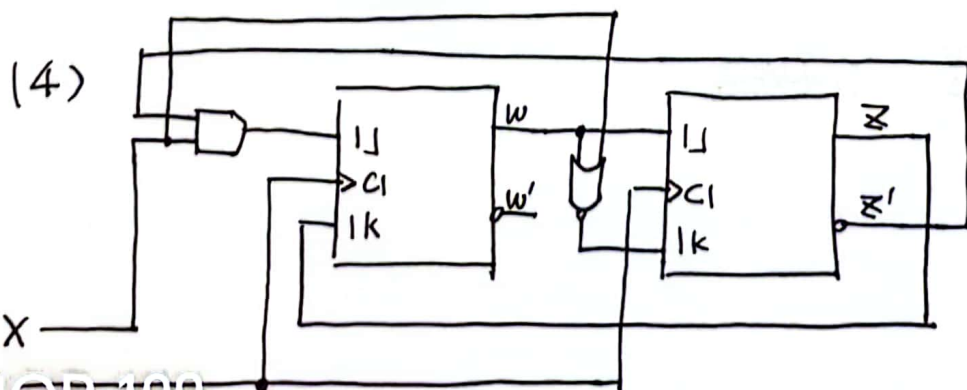
$Z \backslash W$	00	01	11	10
X				
0	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	0	0

$$W^* = Z'W + XZ'$$

W^*

(3) $Z^* = W + ZX$
 $= WZ + WZ' + ZX$
 $= WZ' + (W + X)Z$
 $\Rightarrow J_2 = W \quad K_2 = (W + X)'$

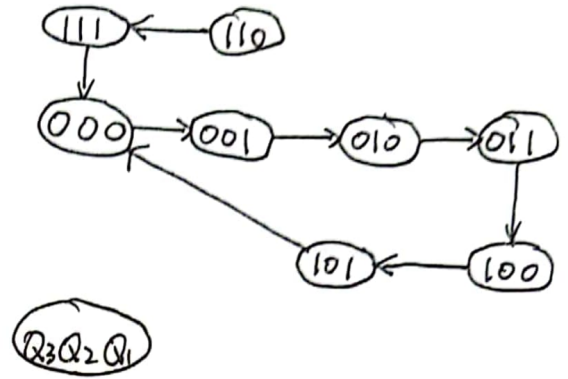
$W^* = Z'W + XZ'$
 $= Z'W + XZ'W' + XZ'W$
 $\Rightarrow J_1 = XZ' \quad K_1 = Z$
 $= Z'W + XZ'W'$



$$4. (1) \left. \begin{array}{l} J_1 = K_1 = 1 \\ J_2 = Q_1 \cdot Q_3' \quad K_2 = Q_1 \\ J_3 = Q_1 \cdot Q_2 \quad K_3 = Q_1 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} Q_1^* = Q_1' \\ Q_2^* = Q_1 \cdot Q_3' \cdot Q_2' + Q_1' \cdot Q_2 \\ Q_3^* = Q_1 \cdot Q_2 \cdot Q_3' + Q_1' \cdot Q_3 \end{array} \right\}$$

(2)

Q_3	Q_2	Q_1	Q_3^*	Q_2^*	Q_1^*
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	0



$$(3) Y = (Q_2' Q_1' + Q_2 Q_1') \cdot Q_3 + (Q_2' Q_1 + Q_2 Q_1) \cdot Q_3'$$

$$= \sum m(1, 3, 4, 6)$$

输出序列为: 010110

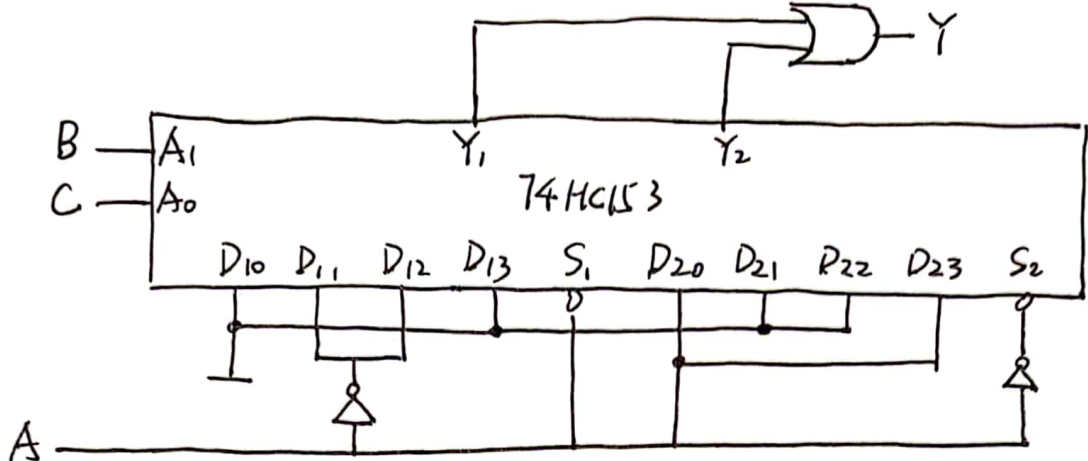
三、综合

1. (1)

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

$$Y = \sum m(1, 2, 4, 7)$$

(2)

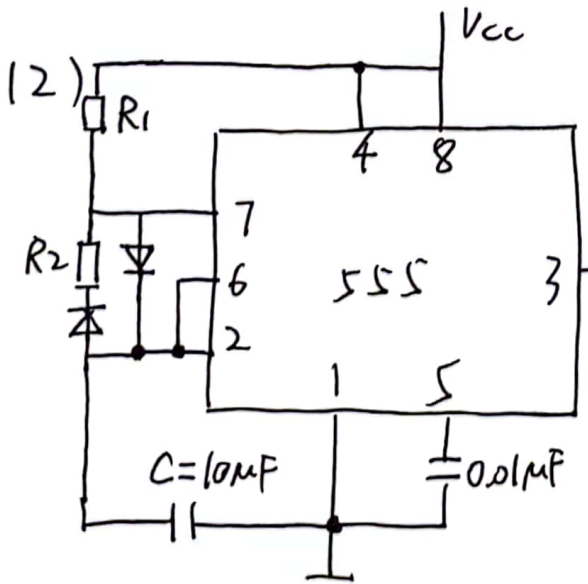
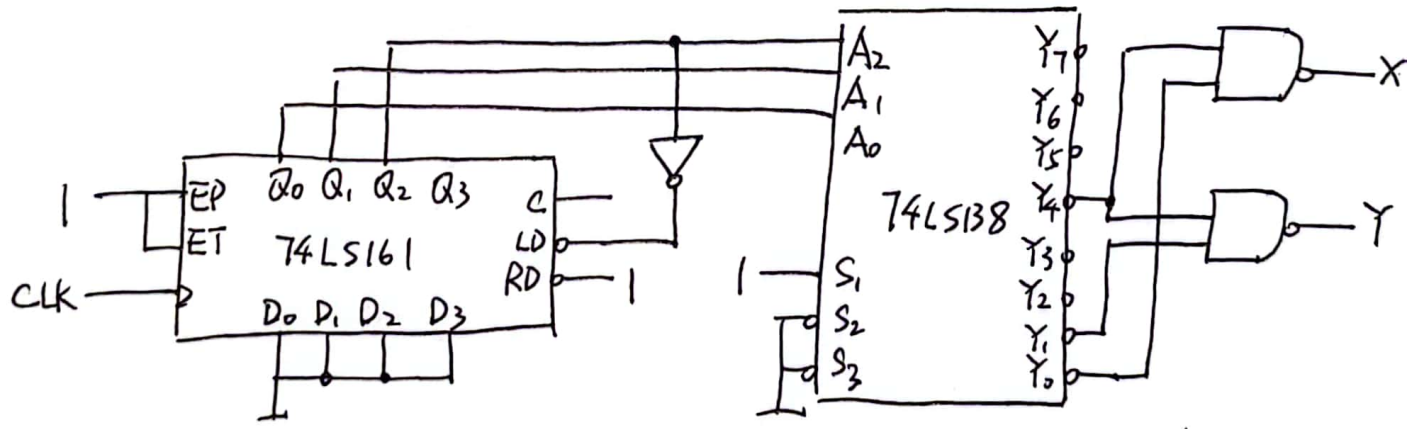


2. (1) CP Q₃ Q₂ Q₁ Q₀ X Y

0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	1
五进制	2	0	0	1	0	0
3	0	0	1	1	0	0
4	0	1	0	0	1	1

$$X = \sum m(0, 4)$$

$$Y = \sum m(1, 4)$$



$$\text{充电时间: } R_1 C \ln \frac{V_{cc} - \frac{1}{3}V_{cc}}{V_{cc} - \frac{2}{3}V_{cc}} = R_1 C \ln 2$$

$$\text{放电时间: } R_2 C \ln \frac{\frac{2}{3}V_{cc} - \frac{1}{3}V_{cc}}{0 - \frac{1}{3}V_{cc}} = R_2 C \ln 2$$

$$\begin{cases} (R_1 + R_2) C \ln 2 = 1 \text{ s} \\ R_1 C \ln 2 = R_2 C \ln 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} R_1 = 72.13 \text{ k}\Omega \\ R_2 = 72.13 \text{ k}\Omega \end{cases}$$